

**APJ516Hu01 100µg**  
**Active Lecithin Cholesterol Acyltransferase (LCAT)**  
**Organism Species: *Homo sapiens* (Human)**  
***Instruction manual***

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY  
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

---

---

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

## **[ PROPERTIES ]**

**Source:** Prokaryotic expression.

**Host:** *E. coli*

**Residues:** Ile290~Ser433

**Tags:** N-terminal His-tag

**Purity:** >90%

**Endotoxin Level:** <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

**Buffer Formulation:** PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 5%Trehalose .

**Original Concentration:** 200µg/mL

**Applications:** Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

**Predicted isoelectric point:** 5.8

**Predicted Molecular Mass:** 17.4kDa

**Accurate Molecular Mass:** 18kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

## **[ USAGE ]**

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

## **[ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]**

**Storage:** Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## **[ SEQUENCE ]**

I STPSFNYTGR  
DFQRRFFADLH FEEGWYMWLQ SRDLLAGLPA PGVEVYCLYG VGLPTPRTYI  
YDHGFPYTDV VGLVYEDGDD TVATRSTELC GLWQGRQPQP VHLLPLHGIQ  
HLNMVFSNLT LEHINAILLG AYRQGPPASP TAS

## **[ ACTIVITY ]**

LCAT(Phosphatidylcholine-sterol acyltransferase) is an enzyme in the extracellular metabolism of plasma lipoproteins, which converts cholesterol and phosphatidylcholines(lecithins) to cholesteryl esters and lysophosphatidylcholines. It is reported that Apolipoprotein E (apoE) is the main LCAT activator in glia-conditioned media (GCM). Thus, a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the association of recombinant human LCAT with recombinant human apoE. Briefly, recombinant human LCAT were diluted serially in PBS with 0.01% BSA(pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100ul were then transferred to apoE-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37° C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1 h with anti-LCAT pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37° C. Finally, add 50µL stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of LCAT with apoE was shown in Figure 1 ,the EC50 for this effect is 0.036ug/mL.

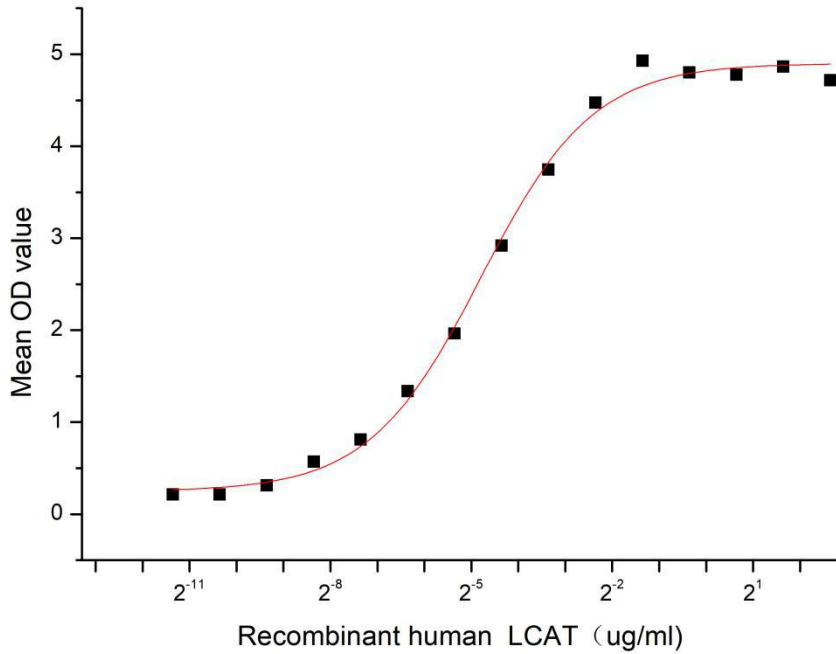


Figure 1. The binding activity of LCAT with apoE

[ IDENTIFICATION ]

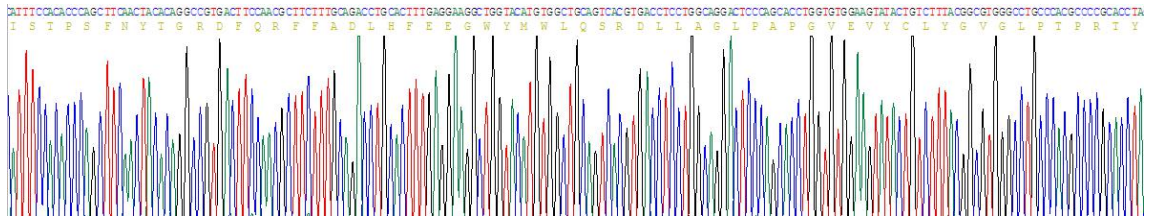


Figure 2. Gene Sequencing (extract)



**Figure 3. SDS-PAGE**

**Sample: Active recombinant LCAT, Human**

**[ IMPORTANT NOTE ]**

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.