

RPD424Hu01 10µg **Recombinant Myosin VA (MYO5A) Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)** Instruction manual

> kDa 70

> > 22

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FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Ser1531~Val1855

Tags: Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag

Accession: Q9Y4I1

Host: E. coli **Purity: >95%**

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

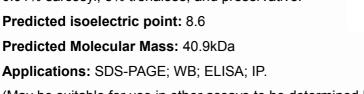
Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT,

0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.



Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)



[USAGE]

Reconstitute in sterile ddH₂O.



[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

SLLTSTINSI KKVLKKRGDD FETVSFWLSN TCRFLHCLKQ YSGEEGFMKH NTSRQNEHCL TNFDLAEYRQ VLSDLAIQIY QQLVRVLENI LQPMIVSGML EHETIQGVSG VKPTGLRKRT SSIADEGTYT LDSILRQLNS FHSVMCQHGM DPELIKQVVK QMFYIIGAIT LNNLLLRKDM CSWSKGMQIR YNVSQLEEWL RDKNLMNSGA KETLEPLIQA AQLLQVKKKT DDDAEAICSM CNALTTAQIV KVLNLYTPVN EFEERVSVSF IRTIQMRLRD RKDSPQLLMD AKHIFPVTFP FNPSSLALET IQIPASLGLG FISRV

[REFERENCES]

- 1. Pastural E., et al. (1997) Nat. Genet. 16:289-292.
- 2. Engle L.J., Kennett R.H. (1994) Genomics 19:407-416.
- 3. Moore K.J., et al. (1995) Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 69:53-58.
- 4. Nagashima K., et al. (2002) FEBS Lett. 517:233-238.