PAB006Hu01
Polyclonal Antibody to High Density Lipoprotein (HDL)
Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

[PRODUCT INFORMATION]

Immunogen: HDL
Clonality: Polyclonal
Host: Rabbit
Immunoglobulin Type: IgG
Purification: Affinity Chromatography.
Applications: WB, ICC, IHC-P, IHC-F, ELISA
Concentration: 200μg/mL
UOM: 100μg

[IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION]

Immunogen: Native Protein HDL.
Accession No.: NPB006Hu01

[RELEVANCE]

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) is one of the five major groups of lipoproteins, which, in order of molecular size, largest to smallest, are chylomicrons, very low-density lipoprotein (VLDL), intermediate-density lipoprotein (IDL), low-density lipoprotein (LDL), and HDL. HDL is the smallest of the lipoprotein particles. It is the densest because it contains the highest proportion of protein to lipids. As technology has reduced costs and clinical trials have continued to demonstrate the importance of HDL, methods for directly measuring HDL concentrations and size (which indicates function) at lower costs have become more widely available and increasingly regarded as important for assessing individual risk for progressive arterial disease and treatment methods.

[ANTIBODY SPECIFITY]

The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against HDL. It has been selected for its ability to recognize HDL in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

[APPLICATIONS]

Western blotting: 1:50-400
Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500
Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500
Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100
Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200
Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

[CONTENTS]

Form & Buffer: Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN_3, 50% glycerol.

[STORAGE]

Store at 4^{o}C for frequent use. Stored at -20^{o}C to -80^{o}C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.