

APD188Hu01 100µg

Active Glucosidase Alpha, Neutral AB (GaNAB)

Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

1st Edition (Apr, 2016)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression.

Host: *E. coli*

Residues: Leu679~Arg944

Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >94%

Buffer Formulation: 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 0.05% sarcosyl and 5% trehalose.

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.2

Predicted Molecular Mass: 33.9kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 34kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

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LD TGRREPWLLP SQHNDIIRDA
LGQRYSLLPF WYTLLYQAHR EGIPVMRPLW VQYPQDVTTF NIDDQYLLGD
ALLVHPVSDS GAHGVQVYLP GQGEVWYDIQ SYQKHHGPQT LYLPVTLSSI
PVFQRGGTIV PRWMRVRSS ECMKDDPITL FVALSPQGTA QGELFLDDGH
TFNYQTRQEF LLRRFSFSGN TLVSSSADPE GHFETPIWIE RVVIIGAGKP
AAVVLQTKGS PESRLSFQHD PETSVLVLRK PGINVASDWS IHLR
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[ACTIVITY]

Glucosidase Alpha, Neutral AB (GaNAB) also known as alpha subunit of glucosidase II is an enzyme belongs to the glycosyl hydrolase 31 family. It plays a role in protein folding and quality control by cleaving glucose residues from immature glycoproteins in the endoplasmic reticulum. It also can cleave sequentially the 2 innermost alpha-1,3-linked glucose residues from the Glc(2)Man(9)GlcNAc(2) oligosaccharide precursor of immature glycoproteins. Besides, V-Myc Myelocytomatosis Viral Oncogene Homolog (MYC) has been identified as an interactor of GaNAB, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human GaNAB and recombinant human MYC. Briefly, GaNAB were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100uL were then transferred to MYC-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-GaNAB pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37°C. Finally, add 50µL stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of GaNAB and MYC was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

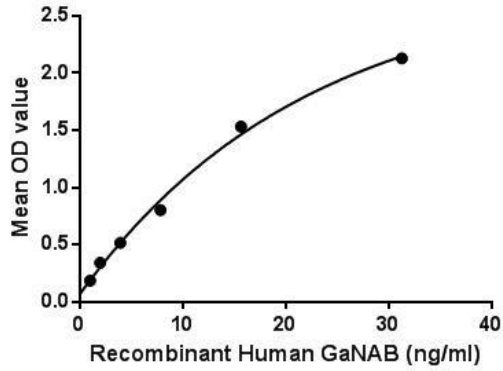


Figure 1. The binding activity of GaNAB with MYC.

[IDENTIFICATION]

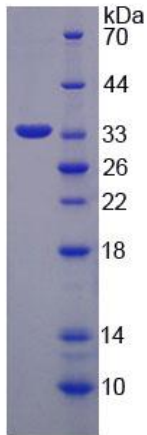


Figure 2. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant GaNAB, Human

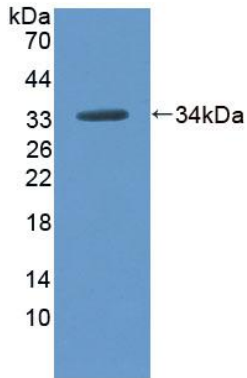


Figure 3. Western Blot

Sample: Recombinant GaNAB, Human;

Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Human GaNAB Ab (PAD188Hu01)